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# DATE(S) ISSUED:

07/21/2021

#### SUBJECT:

Multiple Vulnerabilities in Apple Products Could Allow for Arbitrary Code Execution

# **OVERVIEW:**

Multiple vulnerabilities have been discovered in Apple Products, the most severe of which could allow for arbitrary code execution.

- iOS is a mobile operating system for mobile devices, including the iPhone, iPad, and iPod touch
- iPadOS is the successor to iOS 12 and is a mobile operating system for iPads.
- Safari is a graphical web browser developed by Apple, based on the WebKit engine.
- watchOS is the mobile operating system for Apple Watch and is based on the iOS operating system.
- macOS Big Sur is the 17<sup>th</sup> and current major release of macOS.
- macOS Catalina is the 16<sup>th</sup> major release of macOS.
- macOS Mojave is the 15<sup>th</sup> major release of macOS.
- tvOS is an operating system for fourth-generation Apple TV digital media player.

Successful exploitation of the most severe of these vulnerabilities could result in arbitrary code execution with kernel or root privileges.

#### THREAT INTELLIGENCE:

There are no reports of these vulnerabilities being exploited in the wild

#### **SYSTEMS AFFECTED:**

- macOS Big Sur versions prior to 11.5
- macOS Catalina prior to security update 2021-004
- macOS Mojave prior to security update 2021-005
- iOS and iPadOS versions prior to 14.7
- Safari versions prior to 14.1.2
- watchOS versions prior to 7.6
- tvOS versions prior to 14.7

# RISK:

#### **Government:**

Large and medium government entities: High

• Small government entities: **Medium** 

#### **Businesses:**

Large and medium business entities: High

Small business entities: Medium

Home users: Low

# **TECHNICAL SUMMARY:**

Multiple vulnerabilities have been discovered in Apple macOS/iOS, the most severe of which could allow for arbitrary code execution with kernel or root privileges. Details of these vulnerabilities are as follows:

- A shortcut may be able to bypass Internet permission requirements due to an input validation issue in ActionKit (CVE-2021-30763)
- A memory corruption issue in the AMD kernel may lead to arbitrary code execution with kernel privileges (CVE-2021-30805)
- Opening a maliciously crafted file may lead to unexpected AppKit termination or arbitrary code execution (CVE-2021-30790)
- A local attacker may be able to cause unexpected application termination or arbitrary code execution via Audio (CVE-2021-30781)
- A memory corruption issue within AVEVideoEncoder may lead to arbitrary code execution with kernel privileges (CVE-2021-30748)
- A malicious application may be able to gain root privileges due to a memory corruption issue in Bluetooth (CVE-2021-30672)
- Processing a maliciously crafted audio file may lead to arbitrary code execution due to a memory corruption issue in CoreAudio (CVE-2021-30775)
- Playing a malicious audio file may lead to unexpected application termination due to a logic issue with input validation in CoreAudio (CVE-2021-30776)
- Opening a maliciously crafted PDF file may lead to an unexpected application termination or arbitrary code execution due to a race condition in CoreGraphics (CVE-2021-30786)
- A malicious application may be able to gain root privileges via CoreServices, and a sandboxed process may be able to circumvent restrictions (CVE-2021-30772, CVE-2021-30783)
- A malicious application may be able to gain root privileges due to an injection issue in CoreStorage (CVE-2021-30777)
- Processing a maliciously crafted font file may lead to arbitrary code execution or process memory disclosure due to out-of-bounds reads in CoreText (CVE-2021-30789, CVE-2021-30733)
- A malicious application may be able to gain root privileges due to a logic issue within Crash Reporter (CVE-2021-30774)
- A malicious application may be able to gain root privileges due to an out-of-bounds write issue in CVMS (CVE-2021-30780)
- A sandboxed process may be able to circumvent sandbox restrictions due to a logic issue in dyld (CVE-2021-30768)
- A malicious application may be able to access Find My data due to a permissions issue (CVE-2021-30804)
- Processing a maliciously crafted font file may lead to arbitrary code execution due to integer and stack overflows in FontParser (CVE-2021-30760, CVE-2021-30759)
- Processing a maliciously crafted tiff file with FontParser may lead to a denial-of-service or potentially disclose memory contents (CVE-2021-30788)

- A malicious application may be able to access a user's recent Contacts due to a permissions issue in Identity Services (CVE-2021-30803)
- A malicious application may be able to bypass code signing checks due to a code signature validation issue in Identity Services (CVE-2021-30773)
- Processing maliciously crafted web content may lead to arbitrary code execution due to a use after free iddue in Image Processing (CVE-2021-30802)
- Processing a maliciously crafted image with may lead to arbitrary code execution due to a buffer overflow in ImageIO (CVE-2021-30779, CVE-2021-30785)
- An application may be able to cause unexpected system termination or write kernel memory due to an issue in Intel Graphics Driver (CVE-2021-30787)
- An application may be able to execute arbitrary code with kernel privileges due to an out-of-bounds write issue in Intel Graphics Driver (CVE-2021-30765, CVE-2021-30766)
- An unprivileged application may be able to capture USB devices due to an issue in IOUSBHostFamily (CVE-2021-30731)
- A local attacker may be able to execute code on the Apple T2 Security Chip due to multiple logic issues in IOKit (CVE-2021-30784)
- An application may be able to execute arbitrary code with kernel privileges due to logic issues in state management and double free issues in the kernel (CVE-2021-30703, CVE-2021-30793)
- A malicious attacker with arbitrary read and write capability may be able to bypass Pointer Authentication due to a kernel logic issue (CVE-2021-30769)
- An attacker that has already achieved kernel code execution may be able to bypass kernel memory mitigations due to a kernel logic issue (CVE-2021-30770)
- A malicious application may be able to bypass Privacy preferences due to entitlement issues in Kext Management (CVE-2021-30778)
- A malicious application or sandboxed process may be able to break out of its sandbox or restrictions due to environment sanitization and access restriction issues in LaunchServices (CVE-2021-30677, CVE-2021-30783)
- A remote attacker may be able to cause arbitrary code execution due to an issue in libxml2 (CVE-2021-3518)
- Multiple issues were found in libwebp (CVE-2018-25010, CVE-2018-25011, CVE-2018-25014, CVE-2020-36328, CVE-2020-36329, CVE-2020-36330, CVE-2020-36331)
- Processing a maliciously crafted image may lead to a denial of service due to a logic issue in Model I/O (CVE-2021-30796)
- Processing a maliciously crafted image may lead to arbitrary code execution due to an out-of-bounds write in Model I/O (CVE-2021-30792)
- Processing a maliciously crafted file may disclose user information due to an out-ofbounds read in Model I/O (CVE-2021-30791)
- A malicious application may be able to access restricted files due to an issue in Sandbox (CVE-2021-30782)
- A malicious application may be able to bypass certain Privacy preferences due to a logic issue in TCC (CVE-2021-30798)
- Processing maliciously crafted web content may lead to arbitrary code execution due to type confusion, use after free, and memory corruption issues in WebKit (CVE-2021-30758, CVE-2021-30795, CVE-2027-30797, CVE-2021-30799)
- Joining a malicious Wi-Fi network may result in a denial of service or arbitrary code execution (CVE-2021-30800)

# **RECOMMENDATIONS:**

The following actions be taken:

- Apply appropriate patches provided by Apple to vulnerable systems immediately after appropriate testing.
- Run all software as a nonprivileged user (one without administrative privileges) to diminish the effects of a successful attack.
- Remind users not to download, accept or execute files from untrusted and unknown sources.
- Remind users not to visit untrusted websites or follow links provided by untrusted or unknown sources.
- Evaluate read, write, and execute permissions on all newly installed software.
- Apply the Principle of Least Privilege to all systems and services.

# **REFERENCES:**

# Apple:

https://support.apple.com/en-us/HT201222 https://support.apple.com/en-us/HT212600 https://support.apple.com/en-us/HT212601 https://support.apple.com/en-us/HT212602 https://support.apple.com/en-us/HT212603 https://support.apple.com/en-us/HT212604 https://support.apple.com/en-us/HT212605 https://support.apple.com/en-us/HT212606

#### CVE:

https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2018-25010 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2018-25011 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2018-25014 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-36328 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-36329 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-36330 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2020-36331 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-3518 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30672 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30677 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30703 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30731 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30733 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30748 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30758 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30759 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30760 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30763 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30765 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30766 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30768 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30769 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30770 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30772 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30773 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30774 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30775 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30776 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30777 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30778 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30779 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30780 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30781 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30782 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30783 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30784 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30785 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30786 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30787 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30788 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30789 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30790 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30791 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30792 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30793 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30795 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30796 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30797 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30798 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30799 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30800 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30802 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30803 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30804 https://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvename.cgi?name=CVE-2021-30805

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